Unto the College of Heralds does Eirik Halfdanarson, Bordure Herald, send greetings. This letter includes decisions made on the December 2012 ILoI made on January 26, 2013.

Administrative Actions

Forwarded to Laurel

None.

Returned for further work.

None.

December 2012 Internal Letter of Intent

Forwarded to Laurel

1: Ansteorra, Kingdom Of - New Badge Association

OSCAR thinks the name is registered as Ansteorra, Kingdom of in of at some point, .

(Fieldless) An eagle's leg erased á la quise sable.

This submission is to be associated with Sable Talon of Ansteorra, Award of the

The badge noted below, should be associated with the Award of the Sable Talon of Ansteorra. Both items were registered in October 2005.

(Fieldless) An eagle's leg erased á la quise sable.

2: Gabriello di Cristiano - New Name

Submitter desires a masculine name.

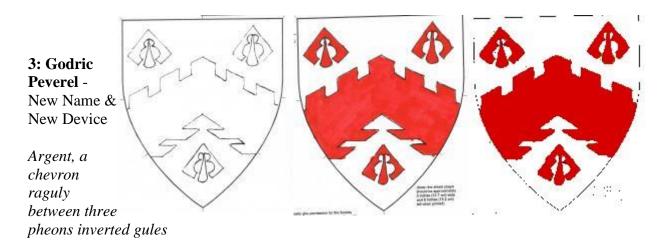
No changes.

Spelling (as above) most important.

Gabriello: 1 occurrence in Aryanhwy merch Catmael, "Names from an Early 16th C Census of Rome: Masculine Names" (http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/italian/leomascfreq.html). 4 in Juliana de Luna, "A Listing of all Men's Given Names from the Condado Section of the Florence Catasto of 1427" (http://www.s-gabriel.org/names/juliana/condado/mensalpha.html).

di Cristiano: Marked patronymic meaning "son of Cristiano"; the construction "di B" is listed in SENA Appendix A (http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/sena.html#AppendixAItalian). 11 instances of Cristiano are found in Aryanhwy merch Catmael, "Italian Names from the Online Tratte of Office Holders 1282-1532", names from Florence

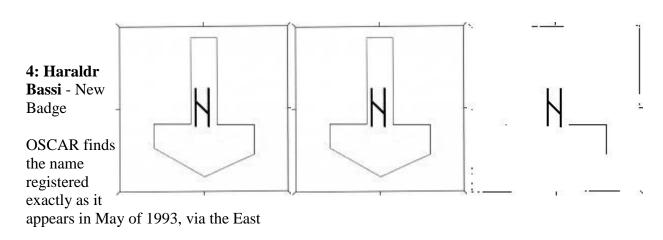
(http://www.ellipsis.cx/~liana/names/italian/tratte/cristiano.html). Two instances are dated to 1325 and 1345.



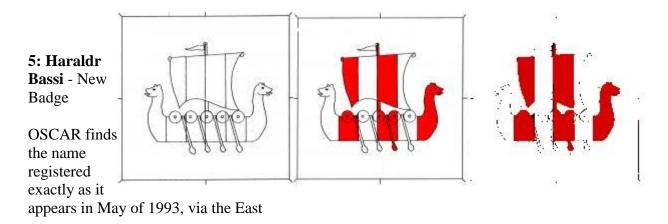
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Withycombe (Oxford Dictionary of English Christian Names, 3rd ed, pp. 136-7, s.n. Godric) cites Godric(us) from Domesday Book and Godrige and Godrich(e) from 1273, noting "Old English *Godric*, compound of *God* and *ric* 'ruler'. It seems to be a specifically Old English name, without any corresponding Old German form. It was very common in England before the Norman Conquest. The Normans used it as a nickname for an Englishman, and called Henry I and his queen *Godric* and *Godiva*, in allusion to her English blood and his supposedly English sympathies. It seems to have died out in the course of the 13th and 14th centuries ..."

Reaney and Wilson (Dictionary of English Surnames, 3rd ed., pp. 348-9, s.n. Peverall) dates the spelling Peverel to 1161-1177 and 1205.



(Fieldless) On a Thor's hammer argent, a futhark rune hagadaz sable.



(Fieldless) A Viking longship paly argent and gules

Commentary mentioned the unaugmented flag of Malta, "Per pale argent and gules" (December 1994, the implementation of the Modest Proposal), in the context of "As we considered a charged sail to be a display of armory, the sail must be checked for conflict" (Ragnarr of Ravenshold, Lochac returns, http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2012/09/12-09lar.html#169), and that per pale and paly are not substantially different from each other under SENA.

However, this is the depiction of the primary charge on his device, registered in May 1993. A copy of his form is attached. Tanczos Istvan, Non Scripta Herald, kindly provided a precedent on grandfathering:

Normally, we would have returned this for conflict with ... We find no record, either in the LoI or in the files, of any permission to conflict that Bela may have granted, so we are forced to assume that it does not exist. Precedent says:

[Argent, a violet purpure slipped and leaved vert a bordure invected purpure.] Note: while this conflicts with Alyanora of Vinca Argent, a periwinkle (vinca minor) proper, since Jennet's previously registered device, Argent, a violet purpure slipped and leaved vert between flaunches purpure, also conflicts to the same degree, she gets this badge courtesy of the grandfather clause. The Grandfather Clause applies to conflict, as well as stylistic problems; the badge conflicts no more (and no less) than the device, and if Jennet may display the latter, it would be unreasonable to tell her she may not display the former. [Jennet of Tewkesbury, July 1998, A-Meridies]

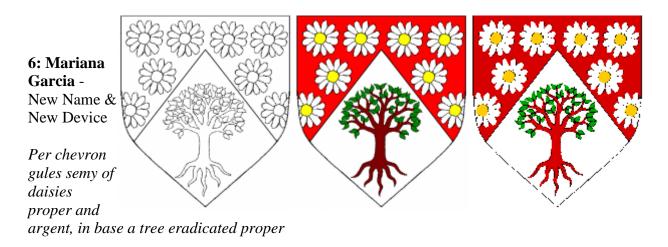
Commenters questioned whether or not the conflict existed under the rules in force at the time that Seashire's device was registered. This is not how the grandfather clause has been applied historically, nor how we are applying it. All conflicts and grandfather clause rulings of this type will be determined under the rules operating at the time the grandfather clause is applied, not at the time the

original registration took place. [Seashire, East acceptances, http://heraldry.sca.org/loar/2009/08/09-08lar.html#79]

Therefore, any conflict of this sail with the unaugmented flag of Malta is similarly grandfathered.

The above submission has images. To view them, see the URLs below:

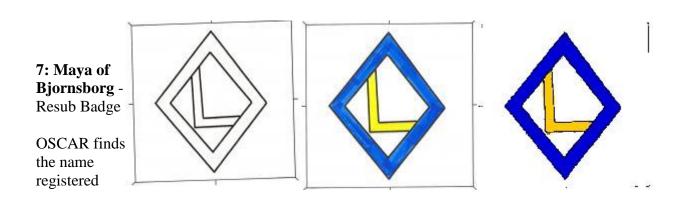
#1



Submitter desires a feminine name.

Mariana: Elsbeth Anne Roth, "16th Century Spanish Names: Feminine Given Names Alphabetically" s.n. Mariana (http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/spanish/fem-given-alpha.html#Mariana): 4 citations as a given name between 1571 and 1574.

Garcia: Elsbeth Anne Roth, "16th Century Spanish Names: All bynames in alphabetical order" s.n. García (http://heraldry.sca.org/laurel/names/spanish/bynames-alpha.html#Garcia): 92 citations as a patronymic from 1539 to 1574.

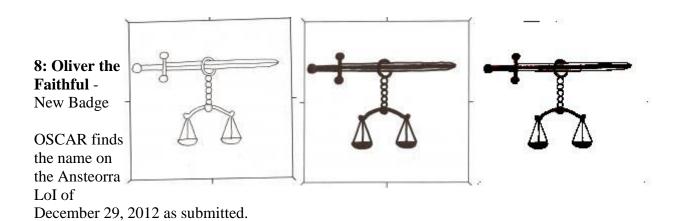


exactly as it appears in October of 2011, via Ansteorra

(Fieldless) A carpenter's square palewise angle to dexter base Or within and conjoined to a mascle azure

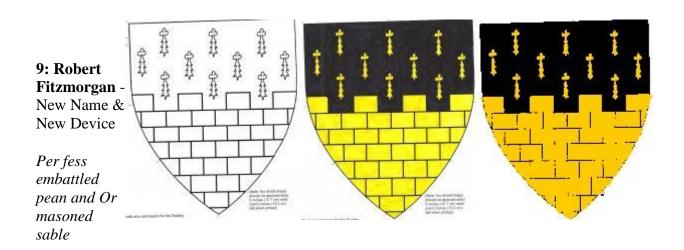
The original blazon blazoned the central charge as "a capital L". Commenters felt it more closely resembled a carpenter's square. We register the emblazon, not the blazon, so the blazon could have been changed all willy nilly. Nonetheless, the submitter's local herald noted that the submitter was fine with reblazoning the central charge.

Correction (2013-Feb-10 17:02:50): This is a new item and not a resubmission.



(FIeldless) A sword fesswise reversed sustaining by a chain from its blade a balance sable

The precise URL for the name submission is https://oscar.sca.org/index.php?action=100&loi=1722#12



Submitter desires a masculine name. Sound (Robert Fitzmorgan) most important.

Robert: Withycombe p. 254 s.n. Robert dates various spellings from 1071 on. Reaney and Wilson p. 380 s.n. Robert notes this as a given name in origin and dates this exact spelling as a surname (unmarked patronymic?) in 1292.

Fitz: Reaney and Wilson p. 170 s.n. Fitz date "le Fitz" 1346 and have "[AngloFrench] *fiz* 'son'", noting its use as a patronymic particle in names like "Fitzalan, Fitzwilliam, etc.". The form's documentation says "English Patronymic (Tangwystl PNC 4.0 p 3 (Cited R&W)" but does not explain what that might mean.

Morgan: Withycombe p. 222 s.n. Morgan states that it's a Welsh given name, "a favourite Welsh name from early times" but without dates.

Alys Mackyntoich, Eastern Crown, provided more documentation:

Wm. duffe Fitz Morgan was pardoned in 1602 according to "Report of the Deputy Keeper of the Public Records in Ireland, Volume 17" (http://books.google.com/books?id="luraqaamaaj&pg=RA1-PA77">luraqaamaaj&pg=RA1-PA77) at p. 78.

In addition, both Robert and Morgan appear as Anglicized Irish masculine given names in "Names Found in Anglicized Irish Documents" by Mari ingen Briain meic Donnchada

(http://medievalscotland.org/kmo/AnglicizedIrish/Masculine.shtml). The formulation [given name] + fitz + [father's name] appears a couple of times in Mari's data for this article:

- Archebold fitz John
- David Fitz Morrice
- Bryene Fitz Pattrick
- Edm. Fitz Walter

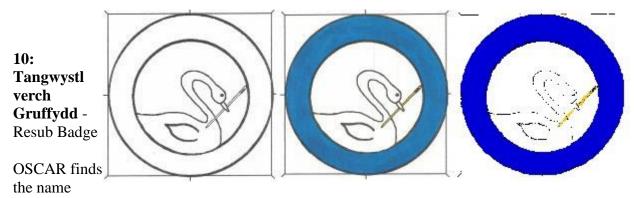
(possibly more, but these should be enough to make the point).

So Robert Fitz Morgan is an excellent 16th/early 17th cen. Anglicized Irish name.

The submitter prefers that the surname be one word together, but is fine with separating them if necessary to register the name.

Includes permission to conflict signed on June 18, 2012, from Sir Kane Greymane, *Per fess embattled sable and Or, masoned sable*, which was registered August 1989 via the West.

Also included is the ermine spot entry of the Pic Dic showing this particular ermine spot as one of "five stylizations of ermine spot, which were taken from medieval emblazons".



registered exactly as it appears in July of 2011, via Ansteorra

(Fieldless) A swan naiant contourney argent, maintaining in its beak a needle bendwise sinister Or, all within and conjoined to an annulet azure

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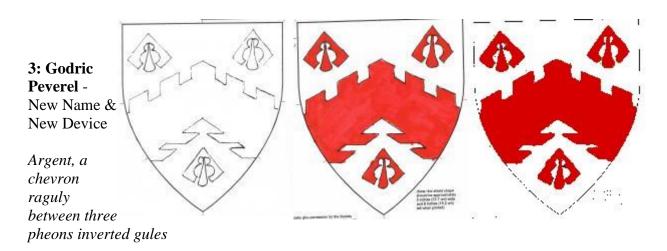
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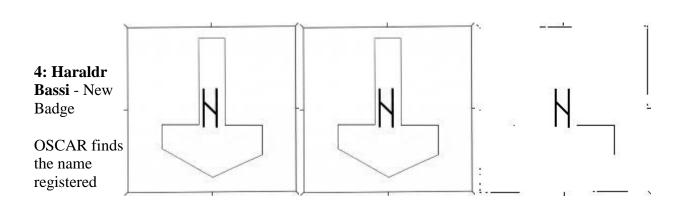
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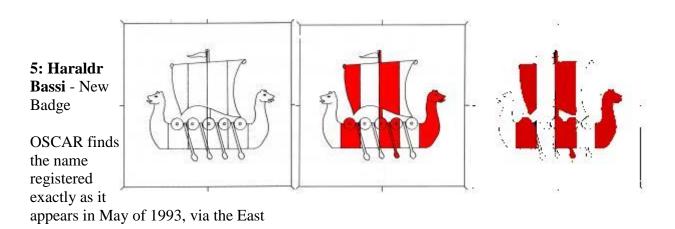
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